

Name: Class:

Division facts to 10

NOTE: Division is repeated subtraction.

$15 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

Let's subtract 3 from 15 repeatedly until we reach zero.
Then, count the number of times we subtracted.

We subtract 3 from 15
five times.

Since we subtracted 3 from
15 five times, it implies that
 $15 \div 3 = 5$.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15 \div 3 = \quad 15 \\
 \underline{- 3} \\
 12 \\
 \underline{- 3} \\
 9 \\
 \underline{- 3} \\
 6 \\
 \underline{- 3} \\
 3 \\
 \underline{- 3} \\
 0
 \end{array}$$



Use repeated addition to solve the following problems.

$18 \div 9 =$

$35 \div 5 =$

$50 \div 25 =$

$40 \div 8 =$

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Let's subtract 3 from 15 repeatedly until we reach zero.

Then, count the number of times we subtracted.

$15 \div 3 =$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 15 \\
 - 3 \\
 \hline
 12 \\
 - 3 \\
 \hline
 9 \\
 - 3 \\
 \hline
 6 \\
 - 3 \\
 \hline
 3 \\
 - 3 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

We subtract 3 from 15
five times.Since we subtracted 3 from
15 five times, it implies that
 $15 \div 3 = 5$.

$40 \div 8 =$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 40 \\
 - 8 \\
 \hline
 32 \\
 - 8 \\
 \hline
 24 \\
 - 8 \\
 \hline
 16 \\
 - 8 \\
 \hline
 8 \\
 - 8 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

We subtract 8 from 40
five times.So, $40 \div 8 = 5$

$18 \div 9 =$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 18 \\
 - 9 \\
 \hline
 9 \\
 - 9 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

We subtract 9 from 18
two times.Since we subtracted 9 from
18 two times, it implies that
 $18 \div 9 = 2$.

$35 \div 5 =$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 35 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 30 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 25 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 20 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 15 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 10 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 5 \\
 - 5 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

We subtract 5 from
35 seven timesSo, $35 \div 5 = 7$

$50 \div 25 =$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 50 \\
 - 25 \\
 \hline
 25 \\
 - 25 \\
 \hline
 0
 \end{array}$$

We subtract 25 from 50
two times.Since we subtracted 25 from
50 two times, it implies that
 $50 \div 25 = 2$.