

Name: Class:

Division patterns over increasing place values

Complete the multiplication patterns below.

a. $10 \div 5 = 2$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 5 = 20$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 5 = 200$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 5 = 2,000$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 5 = 20,000$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 5 = 200,000$

b. $19 \div \underline{\quad} = 1$
 $190 \div 19 = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 19 = 100$
 $19,000 \div 19 = \underline{\quad}$
 $190,000 \div \underline{\quad} = 10,000$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 19 = 100,000$

c. $27 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 9 = 30$
 $2,700 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 9 = 3,000$
 $270,000 \div \underline{\quad} = 30,000$
 $2,700,000 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$

d. $\underline{\quad} \div 9 = 1$
 $90 \div \underline{\quad} = 10$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 9 = 100$
 $9,000 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$
 $\underline{\quad} \div 9 = 10,000$
 $900,000 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$



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Complete the multiplication patterns below.

a. $10 \div 5 = 2$
 $100 \div 5 = 20$
 $1,000 \div 5 = 200$
 $10,000 \div 5 = 2,000$
 $100,000 \div 5 = 20,000$
 $1,000,000 \div 5 = 200,000$

To complete the pattern, let's form an equation
 $? \div 5 = 2$
 Now, we solve the equation
 If $? \div 5 = 2$
 then $? = 5 \times 2$
 $? = 10$
 So, we do same to get the other patterns.

b. $19 \div 19 = 1$
 $190 \div 19 = 10$
 $1,900 \div 19 = 100$
 $19,000 \div 19 = 1,000$
 $190,000 \div 19 = 10,000$
 $1,900,000 \div 19 = 100,000$

To complete the pattern, let's form an equation
 $? \div 19 = 1,000$
 Now, we solve the equation
 $? = 19 \times 1,000$
 $? = 19,000$
 So, we do same to get the other patterns.

c. $27 \div 9 = 3$
 $270 \div 9 = 30$
 $2,700 \div 9 = 300$
 $27,000 \div 9 = 3,000$
 $270,000 \div 9 = 30,000$
 $2,700,000 \div 9 = 300,000$

d. $9 \div 9 = 1$
 $90 \div 9 = 10$
 $900 \div 9 = 100$
 $9,000 \div 9 = 1,000$
 $90,000 \div 9 = 10,000$
 $900,000 \div 9 = 100,000$

