## Name:

Class:

How to find two numbers based on sum and difference

1. The difference of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 5 . Their sum is 27 . Find $a$ and $b$.
2. The sum of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 9 . Their difference is 7 . Find $a$ and $b$.
3. The sum of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 40 . Their difference is 18 . Find $a$ and $b$.

## Solution

## mathskills kids

Name: $\qquad$ Class:

How to find two numbers based on sum and difference

1. The difference of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 5 . Their sum is 27 . Find $a$ and $b$.

Let's first of all form a two variable equation with $a$ and $b$ as variables.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a-b=5 \ldots \text { (1) } \rightarrow \text { the difference of } a \text { and } b \\
& a+b=27 \ldots \text { (2) } \rightarrow \text { the sum of } a \text { and } b \\
& 2 a+0=32 \ldots(1)+(2) \rightarrow \text { the sum of the } 2 \text { equations } \\
& \frac{2 a}{2}=\frac{32}{2} \\
& a=16
\end{aligned}
$$

Now, let's substitute the value of a in equation 1 above to find $b$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a+b=27 \ldots \\
& 16+b=27 \\
& 16+b-16=27-16 \\
& b=11 \\
& \text { So, } b=11
\end{aligned}
$$

2. The sum of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 9 . Their difference is 7 . Find $a$ and $b$. Let's first of all form a two variable equation with $a$ and $b$ as variables.

Now, let's substitute the value of a

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a+b=9 \ldots \text { (1) } \rightarrow \text { the sum of } a \text { and } b \\
& \begin{aligned}
a-b & =7 \ldots \text { (2) } \rightarrow \text { the difference of } a \text { and } b \\
2 a & =16 \quad(1)+(2) \rightarrow \text { the sum of the } 2 \text { equations } \\
\frac{2 a}{2} & =\frac{16}{2} \\
a & =8
\end{aligned} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { a }
\end{array} \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$

$a+b=9$
$8+b=9$
$8+b-8=9-8$
$b=1$
So, $b=1$
3. The sum of two numbers $a$ and $b$ is 40 . Their difference is 18 . Find $a$ and $b$.

Let's first of all form a two variable equation with $a$ and $b$ as variable.

$$
a+b=40 \ldots(1) \rightarrow \text { the sum of } a \text { and } b
$$

$a-b=18 \ldots$ (2) $\rightarrow$ the difference of $a$ and $b$
$2 a=58(1)+(2) \rightarrow$ the sum of the 2 equations

$$
\frac{2 a}{2}=\frac{58}{2}
$$

$$
a=29
$$

Now, let's substitute the value of a
in equation 1 above to find $b$.
$a+b=40$
$29+b=40$
$29+b-29=40-29$
$b=11$
So, $b=11$

